EQUITY RESEARCH - COMPANY REPORT

SRISAWAD CORP

SAWAD TB

THAILAND / FINANCE & SECURITIES

ปัจจัยกดดัน ROE อย่างต่อเนื่อง

- เราคงมุมมองของเราที่ว่าผลตอบแทนต่อส่วนผู้ถือหุ้น (ROE) ยังมีปัจจัยกดดันจากหุ้นปันผล
 ซึ่งจะลดสัดส่วนหนี้สินต่อส่วนผู้ถือหุ้นและผลตอบแทนสินเชือ
- SAWAD รายงานกำไรสุทธิ 4Q24 ที่อ่อนแอโดยอยู่ที่ 1.23พัน ลบ. (-3% y-y, -6% q-q) จากผลตอบแทนสินเชื่อที่ลดลงเป็นหลัก
- งคำแนะนำถือที่ราคาเป้าหมายใหม่ที่ 36 บาท (1.42x 2025E P/BV)

ควบคุมสัดส่วนหนี้สินต่อส่วนผู้ถือหุ้น (D/E) และสภาพคล่องแต่ผลตอบแทนต่อส่วนผู้ ถือหุ้น (ROE) ลดลง

หลังการประชุมนักวิเคราะห์หลังผลประกอบการ 4Q24 ของ SAWAD (28 ก.พ.) เราคงมุมมอง ของเราที่ว่า ROE ยังกำลังประสบปัจจัยกดดัน SAWAD กำลังให้ความสำคัญกับการลด D/E ให้ เหลือ 1.7x จาก 2.0x (เทียบกับ 2.2x ในเดือน ธ.ค. 24) มากกว่า ROE จากประมาณการของ เราหุ้นปันผลอาจเป็นทางเลือกจนถึงปี 2026 ปัจจุบันเราคาดว่า ROE อาจต่ำกว่า 15% ในปี 2025 และ 2026 ถ้าผลตอบแทนสินเชื่อไม่ดีขึ้น ผู้บริหารย้ำว่า SAWAD ไม่มีปัญหาสภาพคล่อง และเงินทุน บริษัทฯ เปิดเผยว่าสินเชื่อที่หดตัว q-q ใน 4Q24 เกิดจากการสะสมกระแสเงินสด เพื่อใช้จ่ายเจ้าหนี้และผู้ถือหุ้นกู้มากกว่าเพื่อขยายสินเชื่อ

ผลประกอบการ 4Q24 ตกต่ำ

SAWAD รายงานกำไรสุทธิ 4Q24 ตกต่ำโดยอยู่ที่ 1.23พัน ลบ. (-3% y-y, -6% q-q) ต่ำกว่าที่ เราคาด 9% ทั้งนี้ ROE ที่ 15.07% ใน 4Q24 เป็นระดับที่ต่ำที่สุดในรอบ 10 ปี เราเห็นว่าปัจจัย สำคัญที่ทำให้กำไรต่ำกว่าคาดประกอบด้วย 1) สินเชื่อที่หดตัว 3% q-q เทียบกับที่เราคาดว่าจะ เพิ่มขึ้น q-q; 2) ผลตอบแทนสินเชื่อและส่วนต่างดอกเบี้ยที่ต่ำกว่าคาด; 3) ค่าธรรมเนียมเงินกู้ที่ ต่ำกว่าคาด; และ 4) ผลขาดทุนจากการยึดรถที่สูงขึ้น q-q

ลดประมาณการกำไรปี 2025-26 ลง 6-8%

เราปรับลดประมาณการกำไรปี 2025-26 ของเราลง 6-8% จากคาดการณ์การเติบโตของสินเชื่อ ที่ลดลงเหลือประมาณ 7-8% ต่อปีในปี 2025-26 และผลตอบแทนสินเชื่อที่ต่ำกว่าคาด ปัจจุบัน เราคาดว่าผลตอบแทนสินเชื่อเฉลี่ยจะอยู่ที่ 18.4% ในปี 2025 ลดลงจาก 20.66% และ 18.95% ในปี 2023-24 ตามลำดับ เราเห็นว่าปัจจัยกดดันผลตอบแทนสินเชื่อน่าจะมาจาก 1) การแข่งขัน ที่สูงขึ้นในธุรกิจสินเชื่อทะเบียนสินทรัพย์; และ 2) การครบกำหนดของสินเชื่อเช่าซื้อ รถจักรยานยนต์ที่ให้ผลตอบแทนสูงกว่า 30% ก่อนรัฐบาลออกเพดานอัตราดอกเบี้ยที่ 23% ตั้งแต่เดือน ม.ค. 2023

คงคำแนะนำถือที่ราคาเป้าหมายใหม่ที่ 36 บาทหลัง ROE ลดลง

เราปรับลดราคาเป้าหมายปี 2025 ของเราลงเหลือ 36 (GGM) จาก 45.50 บาทเนื่องจากเรา ปรับลดค่า P/BV เป้าหมายลงเหลือ 1.42x จาก 1.77x ก่อนหน้าตามประมาณการ ROE ที่ ลดลงเหลือ 13.2% จาก 15% ก่อนหน้า จากการเติบโตของสินเชื่อที่ตกต่ำ ส่วนต่างดอกเบี้ยที่ ลดลงและหุ้นปันผลเพื่อควบคุม D/E เราคาดว่า SAWAD จะรายงานกำไรสุทธิในช่วงปี 2025-27 โต 7.2% CAGR และ ROE ที่ 13-14% ในช่วงดังกล่าวซึ่งต่ำกว่า 18.6% และ 16.5% ในช่วงปี 2023-24 อยู่มาก



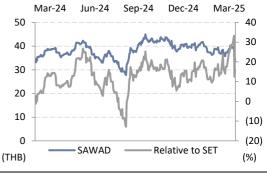
HOLD

LINCHANGE

TARGET PRICE	THB36.00
CLOSE	THB34.50
UP/DOWNSIDE	+4.3%
PRIOR TP	THB45.50
CHANGE IN TP	-20.9%
TP vs CONSENSUS	-13 5%

KEY STOCK DATA

YE Dec (THB m)	2024	2025E	2026E	2027E
Operating profit	6,631	6,903	7,434	8,193
Net profit	5,052	5,246	5,650	6,226
EPS (THB)	3.34	3.47	3.74	4.12
vs Consensus (%)	-	0.5	0.5	(1.2)
Recurring net profit	5,052	5,246	5,650	6,226
Core EPS (THB)	3.34	3.47	3.74	4.12
Chg. In EPS est. (%)	-	(5.9)	(8.4)	-
EPS growth (%)	(8.2)	3.8	7.7	10.2
Core P/E (x)	10.3	9.9	9.2	8.4
Dividend yield (%)	0.4	1.0	1.1	1.2
Price/book (x)	1.6	1.4	1.2	1.1
ROE (%)	16.5	14.7	13.8	13.5
ROA (%)	4.8	4.9	5.0	5.1



Share price performance	1 Month	3 Month	12 Month
Absolute (%)	(6.8)	(15.3)	(0.1)
Relative to country (%)	1.8	0.4	13.7
Mkt cap (USD m)			1,525
3m avg. daily turnover (USD m)			6.3
Free float (%)			45
Major shareholder	Kae	wbootta Fa	mily (28%)
12m high/low (THB)		4	5.50/27.25
Issued shares (m)			1,510

Sources: Bloomberg consensus; FSSIA estimates



Nathapol Pongsukcharoenkul

Fundamental Investment Analyst on Securities; License no. 049193 nathapol.p@fssia.com, +66 2646 9974

Peemapon Nunthakunatip

Research Assistant

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Investment thesis

- We have a neutral view of SAWAD's outlook despite a gradual improvement in asset quality after the active balance sheet cleanup process in 1H23. This is because the cleanup process has resulted in mute loan growth in 2024, which could be prolonged to 2025-26.
- We expect lower average loan yields for SAWAD in 2025-26. This is due to the maturity of the high-yield loan segment, especially motorcycle hire-purchase (HP), and high competition in the asset title loan (ATL) business.
- Slow loan growth, NIM contraction and stock dividends could pressure SAWAD's ROE down to 14% by 2026, in our view.
- We expect a 2025-27 net profit CAGR of 7.2% for SAWAD.

Company profile

SAWAD provides loan services to retail customers. Its business operations can be classified into four main categories: 1) auto title loans against all types of used vehicles, homes, and land; 2) unsecured personal loans; 3) motorcycle hire-purchase; and 4) asset management.

www.meebaanmeerod.com



■ Net interest income - 83.1 %





Source: Srisawad Corp

Major shareholders

Kaewbootta Family - 28.2 %

■ Thai NVDR - 9.3 %

■ Others - 62.4 %



Source: Srisawad Corp

Catalysts

- Government stimulus acceleration to upcountry households;
- Better-than-expected NIM and non-NII;
- A stronger-than-expected improvement in asset quality and credit cost;
- Growth potential from new business.

Risks to our call

Downside risks to our GGM-based TP include 1) a further weakening of asset quality that could potentially hit both loan yield and credit cost; and 2) changes in financial regulations by the Bank of Thailand and the Office of Consumer Protection Board. Upside risks include 1) a faster-than-expected decline in losses on sales of repossessed cars for SCAP; and 2) an interest rate downtrend could push its interest spread.

Event calendar

Date	Event
May 2025	1Q25 results announcement

Key assumptions

Key assumptions (%)	2025E	2026E	2027E
Loan growth	7.61	7.04	7.03
NIM	15.28	15.32	15.41
Cost-to-income ratio	51.12	50.13	48.76
Credit cost	2.00	2.21	2.22
NPL ratio	3.75	3.90	3.90
ROE	14.68	13.82	13.45

Source: FSSIA estimates

Earnings sensitivity

			2025E	
Loan growth (%)	±2ppt	5.61	7.61	9.61
% change in net profit		(1.7)		1.7
NIM (%)	±10bp	15.18	15.28	15.38
% change in net profit		(1.8)	-	1.8
Cost-to-income ratio (%)	±1ppt	50.12	51.12	52.12
% change in net profit		3.4	-	(3.4)
Credit cost (bp)	±10bp	190	200	210
% change in net profit		1.8	-	(1.8)

Source: FSSIA estimates

Continued headwinds on ROE

Lower forecast by 6-8% for 2025-26; cut TP to THB36 on lower ROE projection

After the poor 4Q24 performance with the lowest ROE level in 10 years, we maintain our HOLD rating for SAWAD with a new GGM-based 2025 TP of THB36 (from THB45.50). SAWAD remains our least-preferred name among Thai auto title lenders.

We have cut our 2025-26 earnings forecast by 6-8% on the back of a lower loan growth forecast of c.7-8% pa in 2025-26 and lower-than-expected loan yield generation.

We now expect SAWAD's average loan yield to be at 18.4% in 2025, down from 20.66% and 18.95% in 2023-24, respectively. The pressure on SAWAD's loan yield, in our view, should come from 1) higher competition in the asset title loan industry; and 2) the maturity of high-yield motorcycle HP loans with yields of more than 30% before the introduction of the ceiling rate at 23% since January 2023.

On the other hand, we expect SAWAD's average cost of funds to decrease y-y to 4.39% in 2025 from 4.48% in 2024, supported by the new A- credit rating by Fitch Thailand with savings from new debenture issuances. Nonetheless, the savings in funding costs cannot offset the headwinds from the persistently lower loan yield, in our view. Sensitivity-wise, a decrease in NIM by 10bp would drag SAWAD's 2025E net profit by 1.8%, all else being equal.

Overall, the asset quality outlook for SAWAD should be controllable, in our view, following the active NPL write-offs since 2Q23.We expect the NPL ratio to be around 3.7-3.9% for 2025-27, which is in line with SAWAD's 10-year historical NPL average of 4.0%.

With poor loan growth, NIM contraction and a stock dividend option in order to control the D/E ratio, we expect SAWAD to post a 2025-27 net profit CAGR of 7.2% and ROE of 13-14% in the same period, which is much lower than 18.6% and 16.5% in 2023-24, respectively.

We cut our GGM-based 2025 TP to THB36 from THB45.50 as we are de-rating the target P/BV multiple to 1.42x from 1.77x previously. The multiple de-rating is a result of our lower ROE projection to 13.2% from 15% previously.

Exhibit 1: 2025-26 earnings revisions

	Revised	forecast	Previous	forecast	Change		
	2025E	2026E	2025E	2026E	2025E	2026E	
	(THB m)	(THB m)	(THB m)	(THB m)	(%)	(%)	
Net Interest Income	14,780	15,908	16,178	18,026	-8.6%	-11.7%	
Non-Interest Income	3,304	3,593	3,460	3,796	-4.5%	-5.4%	
PPOP	8,839	9,725	9,616	10,815	-8.1%	-10.1%	
Loan loss provisions	1,936	2,291	2,282	2,698	-15.1%	-15.1%	
Net profit	5,246	5,650	5,574	6,169	-5.9%	-8.4%	
Key ratios					(ppt)	(ppt)	
NIM (%)	15.28	15.32	15.48	15.54	(0.20)	(0.22)	
Cost to income (%)	51.12	50.13	51.03	50.44	0.09	(0.32)	
ROA (%)	4.69	4.71	4.65	4.65	0.04	0.06	
ROE (%)	14.68	13.82	15.50	14.94	(0.82)	(1.12)	
Credit cost (%)	2.00	2.21	2.18	2.33	(0.18)	(0.12)	
Loan growth (%)	7.61	7.04	11.42	10.60	(3.80)	(3.56)	
Net profit growth (%)	3.85	7.70	8.79	10.67	(4.94)	(2.97)	

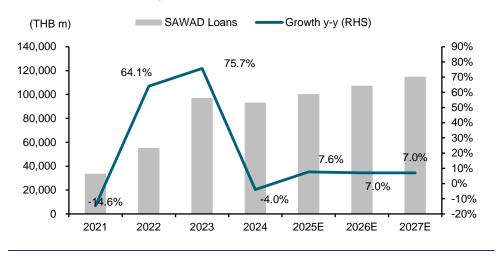
Source: FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 2: SAWAD - GGM-based 2025 TP

Gordon Growth Model (GGM)	
Risk-free rate	3.00%
Risk premium	6.00%
Beta	1.20
Cost of Equity	10.20%
Sustainable ROE	13.20%
Cost of Equity	10.20%
Medium-term growth (g)	3.00%
Derived P/BV multiple (x)	1.42
2025E BVPS (THB)	25.37
Derived target price (THB)	36.00

Source: FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 3: SAWAD's loan growth



Key milestones:

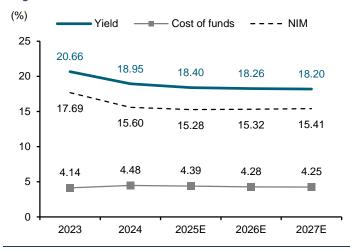
2021: Deconsolidation of 'Fast Money' or FM subsidiary to Government Savings Bank (GSB) under JV agreement

2022: Aggressive expansion of motorcycle HP business

2023: Purchase and reconsolidation of FM after end of JV agreement with GSB

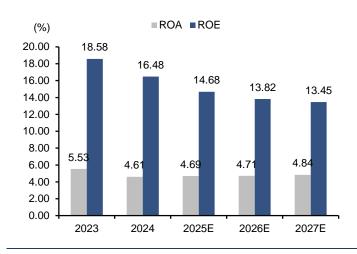
Sources: SAWAD, FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 4: Yield, cost of funds and NIM – yield is the major drag for SAWAD



Sources: SAWAD, FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 5: Downtrend of ROE – could be below 15% in 2025-27E



Sources: SAWAD, FSSIA estimates

Key takeaways from 4Q24 analyst meeting

After SAWAD's 4Q24 analyst meeting (28 Feb), we maintain our view that SAWAD's ROE is still facing headwinds. SAWAD continues to prioritize a reduction in its D/E ratio down to 1.7x from 2.0x (vs 2.2x in Dec-24) rather than ROE. Based on our projection, the stock dividend option may last up until 2026. We now expect that SAWAD's ROE could be below 15% in 2025 to 2026, if there is no improvement in the loan yield.

Management reiterated that SAWAD has no issue with liquidity and funding. SAWAD disclosed that the loan contraction q-q in 4Q24 was a result of accumulating cash flow for creditors and debenture holders first rather than loan growth.

Nonetheless, with the new A- rating and benign funding conditions from both debentures and the loan market since Dec-24, SAWAD is resuming loan growth with a target of 10% to 15% for 2025. We conservatively expect it to be at the lower bound on the back of the conservative loan-to-value or LTV stance at 35% to 40%. In detail, we expect the key driver for SAWAD's loan growth to mainly come from asset title loans (land, pickup trucks, motorcycles), while motorcycle HP could be flat or contract y-y.

Many questions in the meeting focused on loan yield and ROE. For the lower loan yield, SAWAD argued that it was a result of loan contraction q-q in 3Q and 4Q24. Once loan growth resumes in 1Q-2Q25, SAWAD expects an improvement of the average loan yield in 2Q to 3Q25. However, we believe the lower loan yield was a result of the high-yield loans maturing, with a contraction from both asset title loans and the motorcycle HP business and ongoing competition in asset title loans with low LTV vs peers' c50% LTV.

There are not many questions about SAWAD's asset quality. SAWAD targets an NPL ratio of 3% to 4% in 2025, which is in line with our forecast of 3.7%, and a credit cost of 2.0% (also in line).

The loss on sales in 4Q24 was mainly from asset title loans (ATL), not from motorcycle HP.

(-) SAWAD - 4Q24 results review

SAWAD reported a poor 4Q24 net profit of THB1.23b (-3% y-y, -6% q-q). This was 9% below our estimate and 10% below the Bloomberg consensus. The ROE of 15.07% in 4Q24 was the lowest ROE level in the past 10 years.

- (-) The key misses, in our view, include:
- loan contraction by 4% y-y and 3% q-q vs our forecast of improving q-q;
- lower-than-expected loan yield and NIM;
- lower-than-expected non-NII from loan-related fees; and
- higher loss from auto repossessions q-q.
- **(+)** Meanwhile, credit cost was at 1.7%, better than our forecast of 2.0%, which partially offset the negative impacts mentioned above.
- **(0)** Overall asset quality looks stable, in our view. The NPL ratio was at 3.58% in 4Q24, in line with our forecast. Meanwhile, the proportion of loans under stage II (delinquent loans) was at 10.6% of total loans and the NPL formation rate was at 1.8%; both numbers are roughly stable q-q.

For full-year 2024, SAWAD reported a net profit of THB5.05b, flat y-y from a lower loan yield, loan contraction and costs from auto repossessions, but was offset by a lower credit cost.

(-) SAWAD has announced a stock dividend at a 10:1 ratio and a small cash DPS of THB0.04, with the XD date on 8 May. The stock dividend decision was in line with our expectation, as SAWAD had to control its debt-to-equity to 2.2x in Dec-24 from 2.8x in Dec-23. ROE was down to 16.5% in 2024 from 18.6% in 2023.

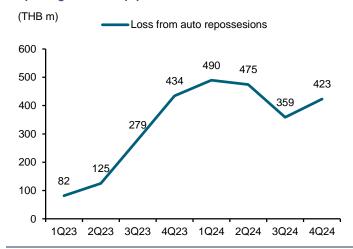
Exhibit 6: SAWAD – 4Q24 operating summary

Profit and loss	3Q23	4Q23	1Q24	2Q24	3Q24	4Q24	Change		12M24	Change
	(THB m)	(y-y%)	(q-q%)	(THB m)	(y-y%)					
Interest income	4,647	4,546	4,595	4,662	4,478	4,292	(5.6)	(4.1)	18,027	14.5
Interest expense	690	749	789	793	813	786	4.9	(3.3)	3,181	40.4
Net interest income	3,956	3,797	3,806	3,869	3,665	3,507	(7.6)	(4.3)	14,846	10.2
Non-interest income	605	767	818	666	796	740	(3.5)	(7.0)	3,019	(4.8)
Non-interest expenses	2,447	2,281	2,492	2,325	2,280	2,225	(2.4)	(2.4)	9,322	12.6
Pre-provision profits	2,115	2,283	2,131	2,210	2,181	2,022	(11.4)	(7.3)	8,544	2.1
Provisioning expense	316	664	486	537	488	402	(39.4)	(17.5)	1,913	8.5
Profit before tax	1,800	1,619	1,645	1,673	1,693	1,620	0.0	(4.3)	6,631	0.4
Tax expense	375	333	367	352	328	338	1.7	3.3	1,385	0.7
Net profit	1,387	1,265	1,261	1,265	1,301	1,225	(3.1)	(5.8)	5,052	1.0

Key drivers and ratios	3Q23	4Q23	1Q24	2Q24	3Q24	4Q24	Chan	ge	12M24	Change
% unless stated otherwise	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(ppt)	(ppt)	(THB m)	(ppt)
Gross loans (THB m)	92,565	97,109	98,666	98,929	96,157	93,198	(4.0)	(3.1)	93,198	(4.03)
Yield on loans	20.69	19.17	18.78	18.88	18.36	18.13	(1.04)	(0.23)	18.54	(1.15)
Cost of funds	4.04	4.17	4.20	4.20	4.48	4.57	0.40	0.09	4.36	0.55
Net interest margin	17.62	16.01	15.55	15.66	15.03	14.81	(1.20)	(0.21)	15.26	(1.66)
Cost-to-income ratio	53.63	49.97	53.90	51.28	51.11	52.39	2.42	1.28	52.17	2.61
Credit cost	1.41	2.80	1.99	2.17	2.00	1.70	(1.10)	(0.30)	1.96	(0.19)
NPL ratio	2.73	3.09	3.23	3.40	3.49	3.58	0.49	0.09	3.58	0.49
NPL coverage	50.22	53.55	55.60	59.82	61.10	59.53	5.99	(1.57)	59.53	5.99
ROE	21.14	18.36	17.50	16.82	16.62	15.07	(3.28)	(1.55)	16.50	(2.32)
Debt to equity	299.70	284.87	278.68	262.11	234.08	216.09	(68.78)	(17.99)	216.09	(68.78)

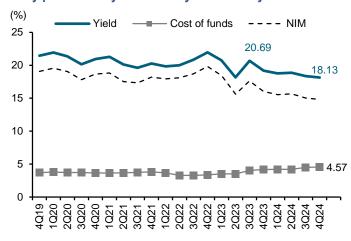
Sources: SAWAD, FSSIA compilation

Exhibit 7: SAWAD's loss from auto repossessions – surprising increase q-q in 4Q24



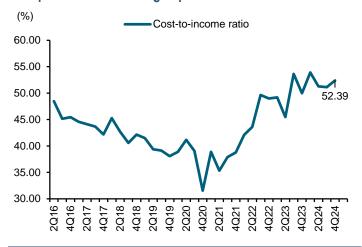
Sources: SAWAD, FSSIA compilation

Exhibit 8: Quarterly yield, cost of funds and NIM – NIM is mainly pressured by consistently lower loan yield



Sources: SAWAD, FSSIA compilation

Exhibit 9: Cost-to-income ratio – still above 50% in 4Q24 from poor revenue and high opex



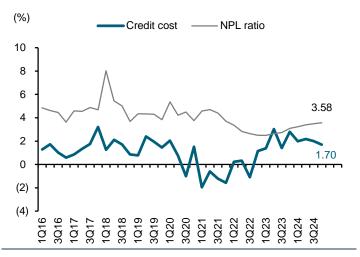
Sources: SAWAD, FSSIA compilation

Exhibit 11: SAWAD - one-year prospective P/E band



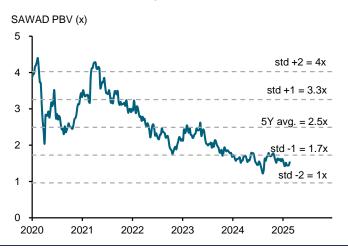
Sources: Bloomberg, FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 10: NPL ratio and credit cost



Sources: SAWAD, FSSIA compilation

Exhibit 12: SAWAD – one-year prospective P/BV band



Sources: Bloomberg, FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 13: Peers comparison, as of 28 February 2025

Company name	BBG	Rec	Share	Target	Up	PI	E	PB	V	RC	E	Div	yld
	code		price	price	side	24	25E	24	25E	24	25E	24	25E
			(LCY)	(LCY)	(%)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(%)	(%)	(x)	(x)
Auto title													
Muangthai Capital	MTC TB	BUY	47.00	56.00	19.1	17.0	14.1	2.7	2.3	17.0	17.6	0.5	1.1
Srisawad Corp	SAWAD TB	HOLD	34.50	36.00	4.3	10.3	9.9	1.6	1.4	16.5	14.7	0.4	1.0
Ngern Tid Lor	TIDLOR TB	BUY	17.30	20.50	18.5	11.8	10.3	1.7	1.5	14.4	15.3	3.4	1.5
Saksiam Leasing	SAK TB	BUY	4.24	5.28	24.6	10.7	9.4	1.4	1.3	13.7	14.4	3.9	4.5
Unsecured finance													
AEON Thana Sinsap (Thailand)	AEONTS TB	HOLD	108.50	142.00	30.9	9.2	8.4	1.0	1.0	11.7	11.9	4.6	5.0
Krungthai Card	KTC TB	HOLD	49.50	43.00	(13.1)	17.1	17.1	3.2	2.9	19.8	17.9	2.6	2.6
Hire-purchase truck													
Asia Sermkij Leasing	ASK TB	HOLD	7.00	11.00	57.1	8.3	6.5	0.4	0.3	4.2	5.3	6.0	7.6
Ratchthani Leasing	THANI TB	HOLD	1.65	1.78	7.9	10.5	9.3	0.8	0.7	7.2	8.0	5.2	5.9
AMCs													
Bangkok Commercial Asset Mgmt.	BAM TB	HOLD	6.35	9.00	41.7	15.3	12.8	0.5	0.5	3.1	3.6	5.2	6.3
JMT Network services	JMT TB	HOLD	11.90	17.00	42.9	10.5	8.6	0.6	0.6	6.2	7.4	5.7	7.0
Chayo Group	CHAYO TB	BUY	2.22	4.00	80.2	9.0	5.3	0.7	0.6	7.9	11.8	3.0	2.9
Average						11.8	10.1	1.3	1.2	11.1	11.6	3.7	4.1

The Chairman of The Board of Directors of Finansia Syrus Securities PCL is also AEONTS's Director. Sources: Bloomberg, FSSIA estimates

Financial Statements

Srisawad Corp

Profit and Loss (THB m) Year Ending Dec	2023	2024	2025E	2026E	2027E
Interest Income	15,744	18,027	17,801	18,959	20,226
nterest expense	(2,266)	(3,181)	(3,021)	(3,050)	(3,104)
Net interest income	13,478	14,846	14,780	15,908	17,122
Net fees & commission	3,171	3,019	3,303	3,592	3,687
Foreign exchange trading income	-	-	-	-	
Securities trading income	-	-	-	-	
Dividend income	<u>-</u>	-	-	-	
Other income	0	1	1	1	1
Non interest income	3,171	3,019	3,304	3,593	3,688
Total income	16,648	17,865	18,084	19,501	20,809
Staff costs	(8,282)	(9,322)	(9,244)	(9,775)	(10,147
Other operating costs	<u>-</u>	-	-	-	
Operating costs	(8,282)	(9,322)	(9,244)	(9,775)	(10,147
Pre provision operating profit	8,367	8,544	8,839	9,725	10,662
Expected credit loss	(1,763)	(1,913)	(1,936)	(2,291)	(2,470)
Other provisions	-	-	-	-	
Operating profit	6,603	6,631	6,903	7,434	8,193
Recurring non operating income	26	0	0	0	(
Associates	26	0	0	0	(
Goodwill amortization	-	-	-	-	
Non recurring items	0	0	0	0	(
Profit before tax	6,629	6,631	6,903	7,434	8,193
Гах	(1,375)	(1,385)	(1,381)	(1,487)	(1,639
Profit after tax	5,254	5,246	5,522	5,948	6,554
Non-controlling interest	(253)	(194)	(276)	(297)	(328
Preferred dividends	0	Ô	Ô	Ó	` (
Other items	0	0	0	0	(
Reported net profit	5,001	5,052	5,246	5,650	6,226
Non recurring items & goodwill (net)	, -	-	· -	· -	,
Recurring net profit	5,001	5,052	5,246	5,650	6,226
Per share (THB)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			<u> </u>	
Recurring EPS *	3.64	3.34	3.47	3.74	4.12
Reported EPS	3.64	3.34	3.47	3.74	4.12
DPS .	0.11	0.14	0.35	0.37	0.4
Growth					
Net interest income (%)	70.2	10.2	(0.4)	7.6	7.6
Non interest income (%)	(4.2)	(4.8)	9.4	8.7	2.6
Pre provision operating profit (%)	39.2	2.1	3.5	10.0	9.6
Operating profit (%)	11.3	0.4	4.1	7.7	10.2
Reported net profit (%)	11.7	1.0	3.8	7.7	10.2
Recurring EPS (%)	11.7	(8.2)	3.8	7.7	10.2
Reported EPS (%)	11.7	(8.2)	3.8	7.7	10.2
ncome Breakdown	11.7	(0.2)	0.0	7.1	10.2
Net interest income (%)	81.0	83.1	81.7	81.6	82.3
Net fees & commission (%)	19.0	16.9	18.3	18.4	17.1
Foreign exchange trading income (%)	19.0	10.9	10.5	10.4	17.
Securities trading income (%)	-	-	-	-	
Dividend income (%)	-	-	-	-	
* /			0.0		0.0
Other income (%)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Operating performance	00.00	40.05	40.40	40.00	10.0
Gross interest yield (%)	20.66	18.95	18.40	18.26	18.20
Cost of funds (%)	4.14	4.48	4.39	4.28	4.2
Net interest spread (%)	16.52	14.47	14.01	13.98	13.9
Net interest margin (%)	17.7	15.6	15.3	15.3	15.4
Cost/income(%)	49.7	52.2	51.1	50.1	48.
Cost/assets(%)	9.2	8.5	8.3	8.2	7.9
Effective tax rate (%)	20.7	20.9	20.0	20.0	20.
Dividend payout on recurring profit (%)	3.1	4.2	10.0	10.0	10.0
ROE (%)	18.6	16.5	14.7	13.8	13.
ROE - COE (%)	8.4	6.3	4.5	3.6	3.3
ROA (%)	5.8	4.8	4.9	5.0	5.
RORWA (%)	-	-	-	-	
Pre-exceptional, pre-goodwill and fully diluted					

Sources: Srisawad Corp; FSSIA estimates

Financial Statements

Srisawad Corp

Balance Sheet (THB m) Year Ending Dec	2023	2024	2025E	2026E	2027E
Gross customer loans	97,109	93,198	100,293	107,358	114,907
Allowance for expected credit loss	(1,605)	(1,987)	(2,223)	(2,414)	(2,584)
nterest in suspense	-	-	-	-	-
Net customer loans	95,503	91,211	98,070	104,944	112,323
Bank loans	-	-	-	-	-
Government securities	-	-	-	-	-
Trading securities	-	-	-	-	-
Investment securities	68	82	0	0	0
Cash & equivalents	3,962	5,814	5,678	6,598	7,604
Other interesting assets	-	-	-	-	-
Tangible fixed assets	2,180	2,101	2,366	2,538	2,716
Associates	0	0	0	0	0
Goodwill	-	-	-	-	-
Other intangible assets	1,209	1,206	1,136	1,218	1,304
Other assets	5,230	4,547	5,489	5,887	6,301
Total assets	111,465	107,909	115,673	124,140	133,224
Customer deposits	0	0	0	0	0
Bank deposits	-	-	-	-	-
Other interest bearing liabilities	74,508	67,520	70,220	72,327	73,774
Non interest bearing liabilities	5,761	4,087	3,298	4,019	5,429
Hybrid Capital	-	-	-	-	
Total liabilities	80,268	71,607	73,518	76,346	79,203
Share capital	1,373	1,510	1,510	1,510	1,510
Reserves	26,804	31,626	36,812	41,938	47,599
Total equity	28,177	33,137	38,323	43,448	49,110
Non-controlling interest	3,020	3,166	3,832	4,345	4,911
Total liabilities & equity	111,465	107,909	115,673	124,140	133,224
Supplementary items	,		,	,	
Risk weighted assets (RWA)	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Average interest earning assets	76,189	95,153	96,745	103,826	111,132
Average interest bearing liabilities	54,761	71,014	68,870	71,274	73,050
CET 1 capital	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Total capital	0	0	0	0	0
Gross non performing loans (NPL)	-	-	-	-	-
Per share (THB)					
Book value per share	20.52	21.94	25.37	28.76	32.51
Tangible book value per share	19.64	21.14	24.62	27.96	31.65
Growth					
Gross customer loans	75.7	(4.0)	7.6	7.0	7.0
Average interest earning assets	71.3	24.9	1.7	7.3	7.0
Total asset (%)	60.4	(3.2)	7.2	7.3	7.3
Risk weighted assets (%)	-	-	-	-	-
Customer deposits (%)	nm	nm	nm	nm	nm
Leverage & capital measures					
Customer loan/deposits (%)	-	-	-	-	-
Equity/assets (%)	25.3	30.7	33.1	35.0	36.9
Γangible equity/assets (%)	24.2	29.6	32.1	34.0	35.9
RWA/assets (%)	-	-	-	-	-
CET 1 CAR (%)	-	-	-	-	-
Total CAR (%)	-	-	-	-	-
Asset Quality (FSSIA's calculation)					
Change in NPL (%)	-	-	-	-	-
NPL/gross loans (%)	-	-	-	-	-
Allowance for ECL/gross loans (%)	1.7	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.2
Allowance for ECL/NPL (%)	-	-	-	-	-
/aluation	2023	2024	2025E	2026E	2027E
Recurring P/E (x) *	9.5	10.3	9.9	9.2	8.4
Recurring P/E @ target price (x) *	9.9	10.8	10.4	9.6	8.7
Reported P/E (x)	9.5	10.3	9.9	9.2	8.4
Dividend yield (%)	0.3	0.4	1.0	1.1	1.2
Price/book (x)	1.7	1.6	1.4	1.2	1.1
Price/tangible book (x)	1.8	1.6	1.4	1.2	1.1
Price/tangible book @ target price (x)	1.8	1.7	1.5	1.3	1.1
Pre-exceptional, pre-goodwill and fully diluted					

Sources: Srisawad Corp; FSSIA estimates

Srisawad Corp PCL (SAWAD TB)

FSSIA ESG rating

★ ★ ★

Exhibit 14: FSSIA ESG score implication

57.03 /100

Rating	Score	Implication
****	>79-100	Leading its industry peers in managing the most significant ESG risks which not only better cost efficiency but also lead to higher profitability.
***	>59-79	A mixed track record of managing the most significant ESG risks and opportunities relative to industry peers.
***	>39-59	Relevant ESG materiality matrix has been constructively addressed, well-managed and incorporated into day-to-day operations, in which targets and achievements are evaluated annually.
**	>19-39	Relevant ESG materiality matrix has been identified with key management in charge for progress to be followed up on and to provide intensive disclosure. Most targets are conventional and achievable.
*	1-19	The company has adopted the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (UN SDGs), established sustainability management guidelines and fully complies with regulations or ESG suggested guidance from related organizations such as the SET and SEC.

Sources: FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 15: ESG – peer comparison

	FSSIA	Domestic ratings						Global ratings						Bloomberg		
	ESG score	DJSI	SET ESG	SET ESG Rating	CG score	AGM level	Thai CAC	Morningstar ESG risk	ESG Book	MSCI	Moody's	Refinitiv	S&P Global	ESG score	Disclosure score	
SET100	67.71	5.69	4.38	4.05	4.77	4.43	4.02	Medium	57.34	BBB	22.70	60.82	67.31	1.19	35.34	
Coverage	66.17	5.16	4.33	3.94	4.81	4.43	3.83	Medium	56.41	BBB	18.92	59.20	65.82	1.38	35.46	
MTC	59.64		Υ	AAA	5.00	4.00	Certified	Medium	47.15	AA		62.28	40.00			
SAK	39.73		Y	Α	5.00	4.00	Certified					44.31	16.00	2.13	45.88	
SAWAD	57.03		Υ	AA	5.00	4.00	Declared	Medium	63.22	BBB		27.77	19.00	3.51	47.89	
TIDLOR	30.91					4.00	Certified	Medium				43.52	19.00	1.90	39.47	
TK	15.00				5.00	5.00										

 $Sources: \underline{SETTRADE.com}; FSSIA's compilation$

Exhibit 16: ESG score by Bloomberg

FY ending Dec 31	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
ESG financial materiality scores - ESG score	1.77	1.67	1.70	1.93	1.77	1.90	2.21	3.51
BESG environmental pillar score	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.96	4.18
BESG social pillar score	0.87	0.74	0.87	1.07	1.07	1.27	1.39	3.41
BESG governance pillar score	4.66	4.62	4.39	4.77	4.09	4.12	3.98	3.45
ESG disclosure score	28.37	28.51	29.45	29.45	29.45	38.34	47.34	47.89
Environmental disclosure score	0.00	0.42	0.42	0.42	0.42	16.79	33.86	33.86
Social disclosure score	11.22	11.22	11.67	11.67	11.67	21.98	26.93	28.60
Governance disclosure score	73.72	73.72	76.10	76.10	76.10	76.10	81.10	81.10
Environmental								
Emissions reduction initiatives	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Climate change policy	No	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes
Climate change opportunities discussed	No							
Risks of climate change discussed	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
GHG scope 1	_	_	_	_	_	_	2	1
GHG scope 2 location-based	_	_	_	_	_	_	5	3
GHG Scope 3	_	_	_	_	_	_	0	0
Carbon per unit of production	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Biodiversity policy	No							
Energy efficiency policy	No	Yes						
Total energy consumption	_	_	_	_	_	_	11	6
Renewable energy use	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Electricity used	_	_	_	_	_	_	2	1
Fuel used - natural gas	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

Sources: Bloomberg; FSSIA's compilation

Exhibit 17: ESG score by Bloomberg (cont.)

FY ending Dec 31	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
Fuel used - crude oil/diesel	No							
Waste reduction policy	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Hazardous waste	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total waste	_	_	_	_	_	_	0	0
Waste recycled	_	_	_	_	_	_	0	0
Waste sent to landfills	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Environmental supply chain management	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Water policy	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Water consumption	_	_	_	_	_	_	0	0
Social								
Human rights policy	Yes							
Policy against child labor	No	Yes						
Quality assurance and recall policy	No							
Consumer data protection policy	Yes							
Equal opportunity policy	Yes							
Gender pay gap breakout	No							
Pct women in workforce	_	_	_	_	_	_	54	52
Pct disabled in workforce	_	_	_	_	_	_	1	1
Business ethics policy	Yes							
Anti-bribery ethics policy	Yes							
Health and safety policy	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Lost time incident rate - employees	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total recordable incident rate - employees	_	_	_	_	_	10	0	0
Training policy	Yes							
Fair remuneration policy	No	Yes						
Number of employees – CSR	5,590	6,137	7,016	8,907	7,580	6,808	11,512	9,994
Employee turnover pct	_	_	_	_	_	3	32	42
Total hours spent by firm - employee training	_	_	_	_	_	23,574	5,165	96,462
Social supply chain management	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Governance								
Board size	12	12	12	12	13	13	13	13
No. of independent directors (ID)	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
No. of women on board	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
No. of non-executive directors on board	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Company conducts board evaluations	Yes							
No. of board meetings for the year	14	13	13	12	13	10	13	13
Board meeting attendance pct	_	_	88	88	88	98	92	93
Board duration (years)	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Director share ownership guidelines	No							
Age of the youngest director	_	_	_	_	_	_	43	44
Age of the oldest director	_	_	_	_	_	_	76	77
No. of executives / company managers	8	8	4	5	5	5	5	4
No. of female executives	2	1	1	2	2	2	2	2
Executive share ownership guidelines	No							
Size of audit committee	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
No. of ID on audit committee	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Audit committee meetings	5	5	5	4	4	5	6	5
Audit meeting attendance %	100	100	93	100	100	100	100	100
Size of compensation committee	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
No. of ID on compensation committee	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
No. of compensation committee meetings	2	4	2	3	3	3	3	2
Compensation meeting attendance %	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Size of nomination committee	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
	2	4	2	3	3	3	3	2
No. of nomination committee meetings	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Nomination meeting attendance % Sustainability governance	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Sustainability upverilative								

Sources: Bloomberg; FSSIA's compilation

Disclaimer for ESG scoring

ESG score	Methodolog	У			Rating							
The Dow Jones Sustainability Indices (DJSI) By S&P Global	process base from the ann Only the top- inclusion.	ed on the com ual S&P Globa ranked compa	transparent, rules-based panies' Total Sustainabili al Corporate Sustainabilit anies within each industry	ty Scores resulting y Assessment (CSA). v are selected for	Be a member and invited to the annual S&P Global Corporate Sustainability Assessment (CSA) for DJSI. Companies with an S&P Global ESG Score of less than 45% of the S&P Global ESG Score of the highest scoring company are disqualified. The constituents of the DJSI indices are selected from the Eligible Universe.							
SET ESG Ratings List (SETESG) by The Stock Exchange of Thailand (SET)	managing bu Candidates in 1) no irregular float of >150 up capital. S 70%; 2) inde wrongdoing	usiness with tra must pass the ar trading of th shareholders, ome key disque pendent direct related to CG,	nsibility in Environmental ansparency in Governance preemptive criteria, with e board members and ex and combined holding malifying criteria include: 1 tors and free float violation social & environmental in arnings in red for > 3 year	ce, updated annually. two crucial conditions: tecutives; and 2) free nust be >15% of paid-) CG score of below in; 3) executives' impacts; 4) equity in	To be eligible for <u>SETESG inclusion</u> , verified data must be scored at a minimum of 50% for each indicator, unless the company is a part of DJS during the assessment year. The scoring will be fairly weighted against t nature of the relevant industry and materiality. <u>SETESG Index</u> is extended from the SET ESG Ratings companies who 1) market capitalization > THB5b (~USD150b); 2) free float >20%; and 3 liquidity >0.5% of paid-up capital for at least 9 out of 12 months. The SETTHSI Index is a market capitalisation-weighted index, cap 5% quarterly weight at maximum, and no cap for number of stocks.							
CG Score by Thai nstitute of Directors Association (Thai IOD)	annually by t Thailand (SE	the Thai IOD, v	n in sustainable developm with support from the Sto s are from the perspectiv s.	ck Exchange of	Good (80-89), and not rated for equitable treatments	B for Good (70 or scores belo nent of shareh (5%); 4) disclo	ories: 5 for Excel 0-79), 2 for Fair (6 w 50. Weightings nolders (weight 2 sure & transpare	60-69), 1 for P include: 1) th 5% combined	ass (60-69), e rights; 2) and); 3) the role of			
AGM level By Thai Investors Association (TIA) with support from the SEC	treatment and transparent a out of five the criteria cover date (45%), circulation of sexercised. The and verifiability	e incorporated and sufficiently e CG componer AGM procedured and after the nufficient informate second assesser; and 3) openne	which shareholders' rights into business operations or disclosed. All form imporents to be evaluated annures before the meeting (neeting (10%). (The first as ition for voting; and 2) facilitations of attending mess for Q&A. The third involves as, resolutions and voting res	and information is rtant elements of two ually. The assessment 45%), at the meeting assesses 1) advance ing how voting rights can be eetings; 2) transparency is the meeting minutes that	ре							
Fhai CAC By Thai Private Sector Collective Action Against Corruption CAC)	establishmen policies. The (Companies de Declaration of Certification, ir managers and	nt of key control Certification is eciding to become Intent to kick off actualing risk assets	Checklist include corruptions, and the monitoring and so good for three years. So good for three years, we a CAC certified member stean 18-month deadline to subsessment, in place of policy and ablishment of whistleblowing of stakeholders.)	and developing of art by submitting a mit the CAC Checklist for ad control, training of	The document will be reviewed by a committee of nine professionals. A passed Checklist will move for granting certification by the CAC Council approvals whose members are twelve highly respected individuals in professionalism and ethical achievements.							
Morningstar Sustainalytics	based on an risk is unman regulatory filing	assessment on aged. Sources gs, news and oth	sk rating provides an over of how much of a compan s to be reviewed include corpor er media, NGO reports/webs	y's exposure to ESG orate publications and ites, multi-sector	more risk is un	managed, the	score is the sum higher ESG risk	is scored.				
		mpany teedback uality & peer revi	k, ESG controversies, issuer f ews.	eedback on draft ESG	NEGL 0-10	Low 10-20	Medium 20-30	High 30-40	Severe 40+			
ESG Book	positioned to the principle helps explair over-weighting	outperform ov of financial ma n future risk-ac	ustainable companies the ver the long term. The me atteriality including informatiguated performance. Mat th higher materiality and it rly basis.	ethodology considers ation that significantly eriality is applied by								
<u>MSCI</u>			measure a company's ma						nethodology to			
	AAA	8.571-10.000)	La a dia a dia da da da da da da		:6:	-1 1	_				
	AA	7.143-8.570	Leader:	leading its industry in ma	anaging the most s	gnificant ESG fi	sks and opportunitie	es				
	Α	5.714-7.142										
	BBB	4.286-5.713	Average:	a mixed or unexceptions industry peers	al track record of ma	c record of managing the most significant ESG risks and opportunities relative to						
	ВВ	2.857-4.285		• •								
	В	1.429-2.856	Laggard:	lagging its industry base	d on its high expos	ure and failure to	n manage significan	t FSG risks				
	CCC	0.000-1.428	Layyaru.	ragging its industry base	on no riigir expos	a.o ana ianuie l	nanage signinal	113/13				
Moody's ESG solutions	believes that	a company in	ree to which companies t tegrating ESG factors int or shareholders over the r	o its business model and								
Refinitiv ESG rating	based on pu	blicly available	and objectively measure and auditable data. The a publicly. (Score ratings a	score ranges from 0 to 1	100 on relative E	SG performar	ice and insufficie	nt degree of ti				
S&P Global			re is a relative score mea in the same industry class			•	of ESG risks, op	oortunities, an	d impacts			
Bloomberg	compared to its peers within the same industry classification. The score ranges from 0 to 100. ESG Score Bloomberg score evaluating the company's aggregated Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) performance. The score is based on Bloomberg's view of ESG financial materiality. The score is a weighted generalized mean (power mean) of Pillar Scores, where the weights are determined by the pillar priority ranking. Values range from 0 to 10; 10 is the best.											

Rating regarding the sustainable development of Thai listed companies, both on the SET and MAI, are publicly available on the website of the Securities and Exchange Commission of Thailand (SEC). Currently, ratings available are 1) "CG Score"; 2) "AGM Level"; 3) "Thai CAC"; and 4) THSI. The ratings are updated on an annual basis. FSSIA does not confirm nor certify the accuracy of such ratings.

Source: FSSIA's compilation

GENERAL DISCLAIMER

ANALYST(S) CERTIFICATION

Nathapol Pongsukcharoenkul FSS International Investment Advisory Securities Co., Ltd

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Company	Ticker	Price	Rating	Valuation & Risks
Srisawad Corp	SAWAD TB	THB 34.50	HOLD	Downside risks to our GGM-based TP include 1) a further weakening of asset quality that could potentially hit both loan yield and credit cost; and 2) changes in financial regulations by the Bank of Thailand and the Office of Consumer Protection Board. Upside risks include 1) a faster-than-expected decline in losses on sales of repossessed cars for SCAP; and 2) an interest rate downtrend could push its interest spread.
Muangthai Capital	MTC TB	THB 47.00	BUY	Downside risks to our GGM-based TP include 1) a further weakening of asset quality that could potentially hit both loan yield and credit cost; and 2) changes in financial regulations by the Bank of Thailand and the Office of Consumer Protection Board.
Ngern Tid Lor	TIDLOR TB	THB 17.30	BUY	Downside risks to our GGM-based TP include 1) further weakening asset quality could potentially hit both loan yield and credit cost; 2) tighter supervision from related regulators; 3) intense competition in auto title loan and insurance brokerage market; and 4) lower support from major shareholders.
Saksiam Leasing	SAK TB	THB 4.24	BUY	Downside risks include 1) competition from existing and new players 2) regulatory changes by the Bank of Thailand (BoT) and 3) a slower-than-expected reduction in its cost of funds due to a shift toward more long-term loans.
Aeon Thana Sinsap (Thailand	d) AEONTS TB	THB 108.50	HOLD	Downside risks are: 1) regulatory actions to curb industry growth; 2) a higher-than- expected policy rate; and 3) deteriorating asset quality. Upside risks are: 1) better-than- estimated economic improvement; 2) stronger-than-estimated improvement in the overall asset quality; and 3) less pressure from the market yield and cost of funds.
Krungthai Card	КТС ТВ	THB 49.50	HOLD	Downside risks are: 1) regulatory actions to curb industry growth; 2) a higher-than- expected policy rate; and 3) deteriorating asset quality. Upside risks are: 1) better-than- estimated economic improvement; 2) stronger-than-estimated improvement in the overall asset quality; and 3) less pressure from the market yield and cost of funds.
Asia Sermkij Leasing PCL	ASK TB	THB 7.00	HOLD	Upside risks include 1) a better-than-expected macroeconomic improvement; 2) downtrend of policy rate could reduce cost of funds and enhance interest spreads; and 3) a faster-than-expected decline in ECL expense. Downside risks to our GGM-derived TP include 1) an economic slowdown, especially for logistics activities and
				private investment; 2) deteriorating asset quality; and 3) changes in financial regulations from the Bank of Thailand.
Ratchthani Leasing	THANI TB	THB 1.65	HOLD	Downside risks to our GGM-derived TP include 1) an economic slowdown, especially for logistics activities and private investment; 2) deteriorating asset quality; and 3) changes in financial regulations from the Bank of Thailand. Upside risks include 1) a better-than-expected macroeconomic improvement; 2) a downtrend in the policy rate could reduce cost of funds and enhance interest spreads; and 3) a fasterthan-expected decline in ECL expense.
Bangkok Commercial Asset Mngt.	BAM TB	THB 6.35	HOLD	Downside risks to our NAV-based TP include 1) lower cash collection than estimated; 2) lower-than-expected bad debt acquisition; and 3) a slowdown in the property market.
JMT Network Services	JMT TB	THB 11.90	HOLD	Downside risks to our P/BV-based TP include 1) lower cash collection from both debt management and debt tracking collection services; and 2) higher-than-expected funding costs and operating expenses. Upside risks includes 1) better-than-expected purchasing power and cash collection 2) lower-than-expected operating and financing expense
Chayo Group	СНАҮО ТВ	THB 2.22	BUY	Downside risks to our GGM-based TP include 1) lower-than-expected bad debt acquisition; and 2) higher-than-expected operating expenses.

Source: FSSIA estimates

Additional Disclosures

Target price history, stock price charts, valuation and risk details, and equity rating histories applicable to each company rated in this report is available in our most recently published reports. You can contact the analyst named on the front of this note or your representative at Finansia Syrus Securities Public Company Limited.

All share prices are as at market close on 28-Feb-2025 unless otherwise stated.



RECOMMENDATION STRUCTURE

Stock ratings

Stock ratings are based on absolute upside or downside, which we define as (target price* - current price) / current price.

BUY (B). The upside is 10% or more.

HOLD (H). The upside or downside is less than 10%.

REDUCE (R). The downside is 10% or more.

Unless otherwise specified, these recommendations are set with a 12-month horizon. Thus, it is possible that future price volatility may cause a temporary mismatch between upside/downside for a stock based on market price and the formal recommendation.

* In most cases, the target price will equal the analyst's assessment of the current fair value of the stock. However, if the analyst doesn't think the market will reassess the stock over the specified time horizon due to a lack of events or catalysts, then the target price may differ from fair value. In most cases, therefore, our recommendation is an assessment of the mismatch between current market price and our assessment of current fair value.

Industry Recommendations

Overweight. The analyst expects the fundamental conditions of the sector to be positive over the next 12 months.

Neutral. The analyst expects the fundamental conditions of the sector to be maintained over the next 12 months.

Underweight. The analyst expects the fundamental conditions of the sector to be negative over the next 12 months.

Country (Strategy) Recommendations

Overweight (O). Over the next 12 months, the analyst expects the market to score positively on two or more of the criteria used to determine market recommendations: index returns relative to the regional benchmark, index sharpe ratio relative to the regional benchmark and index returns relative to the market cost of equity.

Neutral (N). Over the next 12 months, the analyst expects the market to score positively on one of the criteria used to determine market recommendations: index returns relative to the regional benchmark, index sharpe ratio relative to the regional benchmark and index returns relative to the market cost of equity.

Underweight (U). Over the next 12 months, the analyst does not expect the market to score positively on any of the criteria used to determine market recommendations: index returns relative to the regional benchmark, index sharpe ratio relative to the regional benchmark and index returns relative to the market cost of equity.